

EXTINGUISHING CONTROL PANEL

PX2 SERIES

AE/PX2

AE/SA-PX2

AE/94-PX2

USER MANUAL

VERSION 1.0
APR/2007

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1 INTRODUCTION.

1.1 PURPOSE OF THE MANUAL.


The purpose of this manual is to furnish the user with a full description on recommended procedures and technical details for carrying out the installation and commissioning of the **PX2 SERIES** Extinguishing Control Panel.

The procedures described in this manual include advice and warnings to guide the user in the adoption of safe and methodical working practices during installation and commissioning.

1.2 REMARKS.

- The following manual is only valid for the wiring and commissioning of the **PX2 Series** Extinguishing Control Panel. For other panel models, consult the pertinent manual.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to change, modify or correct the information without prior notice.

1.3 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS.

 The installer of the Extinguishing Control Panel and of the equipment that form the Fire Detection System must be an authorized installer trained in handling the Panel, and familiar with the regulations in force.

Before connecting any item of equipment, verify that the Panel supply voltage is disconnected.

The user should read this manual and fully understand its content before beginning any task related with the Extinguishing Control Panel. If doubts exist on any of the matters described in the manual, consult the supplier before beginning the installation and commissioning.

1.4 APPROVALS.

The control panel has been designed according to:

- The EN54-2 and EN54-4 standards, regarding both mandatory functions and some optional ones with requirements.
- Electromagnetic compatibility with the Community Directive EEC/89/336 and amendments EEC/92/31 and EEC/93/68.
- Compatibility with the Community Low Voltage Directive EEC/73/23 and amendment EEC/93/68.

Some of the panel functions can be configured to make it more effective and enhance the possibilities of the equipment, but they are not contemplated by the EN54 regulations, and therefore, if used, would not comply with this standard.

When some type of connection or configuration can be carried out that may not comply with the regulation, this will be indicated, with a brief explanation of the requirements set by the EN54 standard.

1.5 VERIFICATION OF THE PANEL.

It is important to conduct a visual inspection to check that the equipment supplied has not suffered any damage before beginning its installation. If any anomaly is observed, IT SHOULD NOT BE INSTALLED; contact the supplier.

1.6 MATERIAL INCLUDED IN THE PACKING.

In the crate, together with the Panel, you will find the following material accompanying the equipment:

1. Installation Manual: This manual. Ae-man-327-0.0
2. Cable kit for emergency batteries with terminal protector included.
3. Set of keys for the access level selector on the front.
4. End-of-line resistances connected.
5. 2 diodes for connection of the solenoid valve.

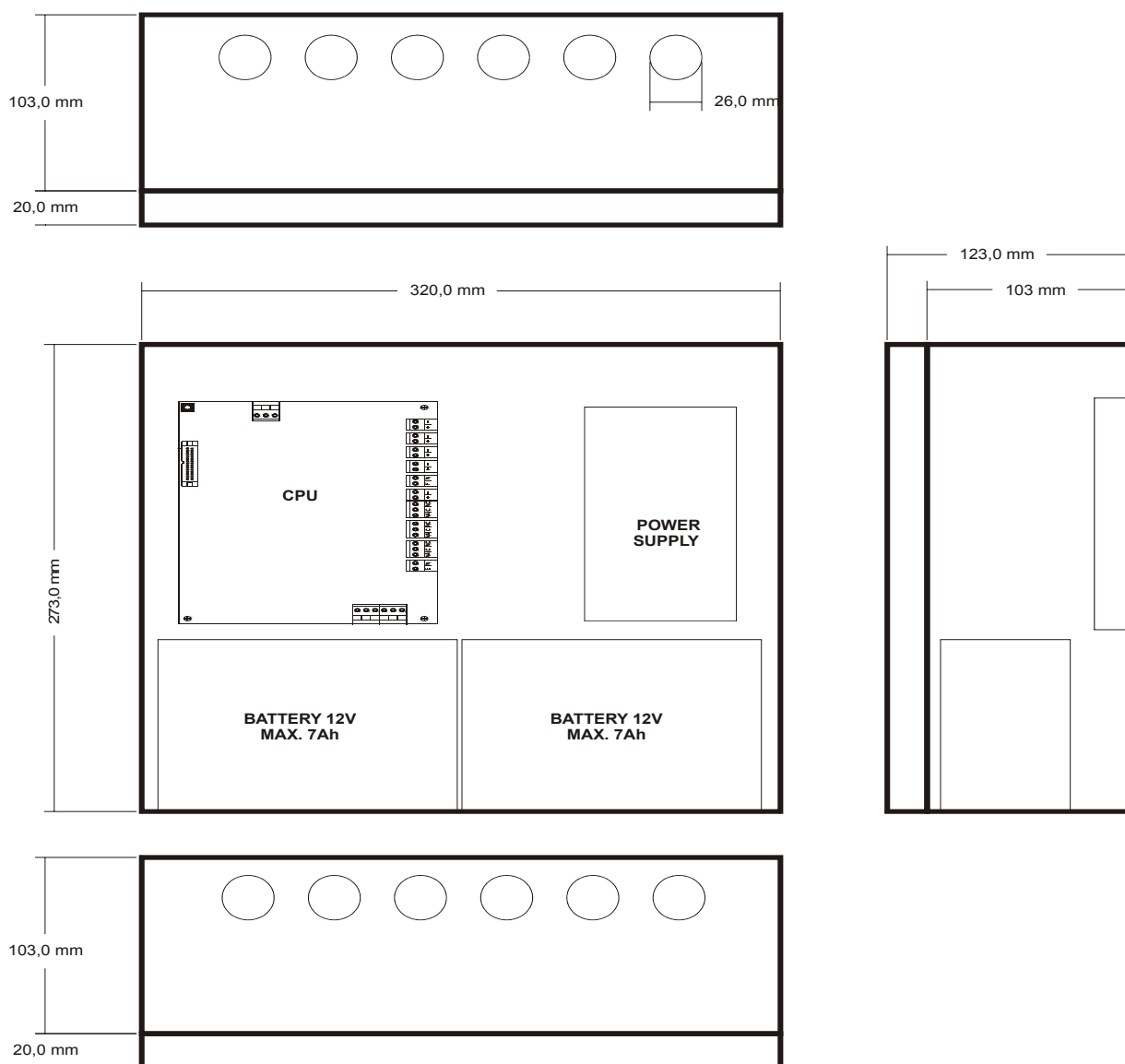
2 INSTALLATION.

2.1 SIZE.

The panel is housed in a metal cabinet 273 mm high X 320 mm wide X 123 mm deep.

It is recommended to leave a free space of at least 100 mm around the whole box to allow correct ventilation of the equipment.

The dimensions are shown in the following diagram:



2.2 POSITIONING THE PANEL.

The Control Panel should be installed in an appropriate place, in an area that is monitored and protected, and meets a number of requirements:

- The ambient operating temperature remains between +5°C and +35°C.
- The relative humidity is between 5% and 90%.
- The panel will be mounted on a wall so that it allows the screen to be seen clearly and easy access to the operating keys. The height above the floor should be selected so that the control keys are at eye level (at 1.6 m approximately).
- The panel should not be located in places exposed to high levels of humidity.
- The panel should not be located in places exposed to vibration or impact.
- The panel should not be located in places where access is blocked to the internal components and the wiring connections.

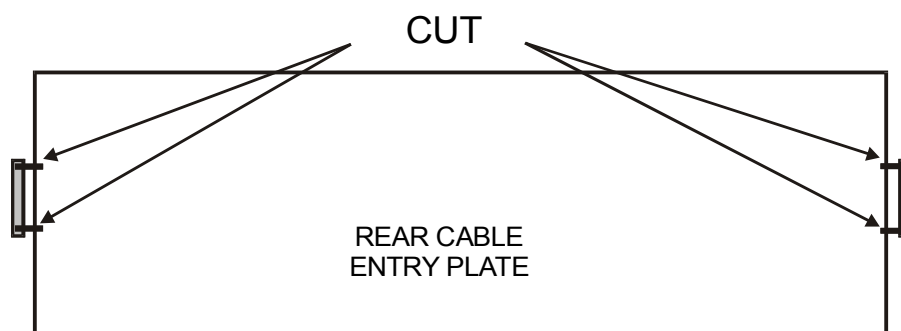
For the correct operation of the equipment, it is necessary to respect the indicated distances to achieve correct ventilation and avoid overheating of the equipment.

2.3 CASING ANCHORING.

i The AE/PX2 Extinguishing Control Panel can weigh more than 9 kg with the batteries fitted. When fastening the casing to the wall, use appropriate fasteners, and reinforce the wall if necessary.

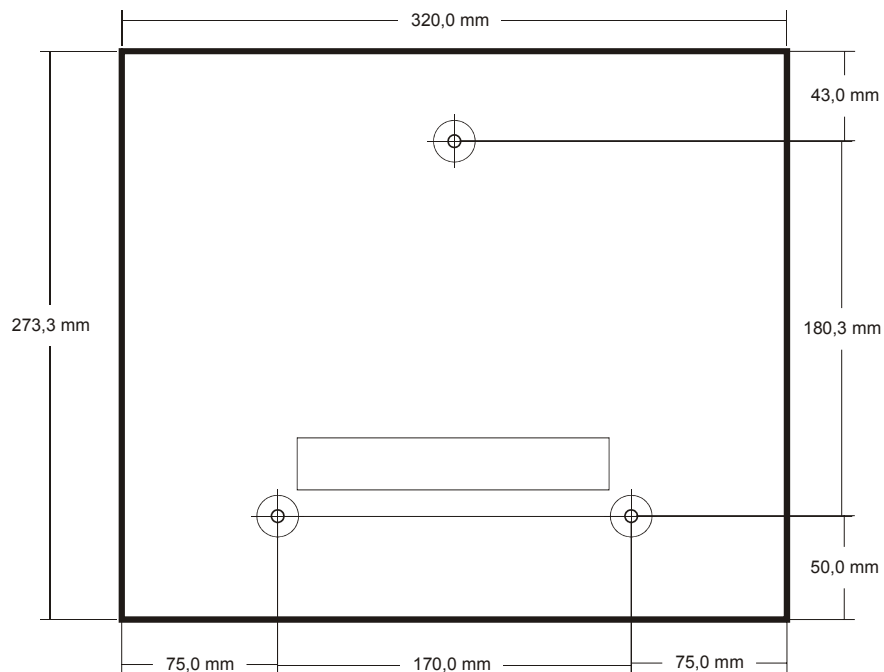
Prepare the necessary holes for the cable entry into the panel:

- If entry is foreseen through the top or from underneath, open the holes by means of a sharp blow on the hole stamping. Take care not to hit outside. Only make the perforations necessary.
- If cable entry is foreseen through the rear, remove the back plate. To do this, use cutting pliers to remove the side fasteners of the plate.



Fasten the panel casing to the wall in an appropriate place, using the three existing holes of 6mm in diameter.

The following figure shows the anchorage marks on the casing.



3 CHARACTERISTICS:

The PX2 SERIES of extinguishing control panels are microprocessor-controlled alarm stations, designed according to the European EN 12094-1:2003 standard, comprising:

- Two monitored areas with dual conventional detection and three different operating modes:
 - Crossed detection:
 - Dual detection in one of the loops.
- Mixed detection through crossed detection or dual detection in either of the two loops.
- Monitored circuit with pushbutton for remote release.
- Release pushbutton on the panel front, with protective cover and indicator lamp.
- Monitored circuit with pushbutton for remote hold.
- Hold pushbutton on the panel front, with protective cover and indicator lamp.
- Monitored circuit for flow detector.
- Monitored circuit for weight control or pressure switch.
- Monitored evacuation area.
- Monitored extinguishing area with programmable delay time.
- Control of programmable deluge time.
- Output for extinguishing released board, monitored.
- Control of reset hold time after release has taken place.
- Power supply unit and battery charger, with mains voltage control, batteries, feed, battery charging and auxiliary output.
- Outputs for repeater relays.
- Possibility of connection in 2- and 3-wire algorithmic systems of Aguilera Electrónica by means of interface module mounted on the same mother board.
- Selection of automatic, manual and disabled operating mode, and access level by means of safety key.
- Internal and external indicator lamps, as well as an alphanumeric display for presentation of release time and menu functions.
- Easy and intuitive handling and programming by means of three external and two internal keys.
- Programmed values stored in EEPROM memory.

4 CONNECTION.

4.1 MAINS SUPPLY

i Before making any connection, make sure there is no voltage on the cables and this is cut off at the corresponding electric switchboard.

The Extinguishing Control Panel can be fed from a voltage source of 110 to 250Vac, 50/60Hz.

The conduits and the mains wiring should be kept separate from the rest of the panel wiring.

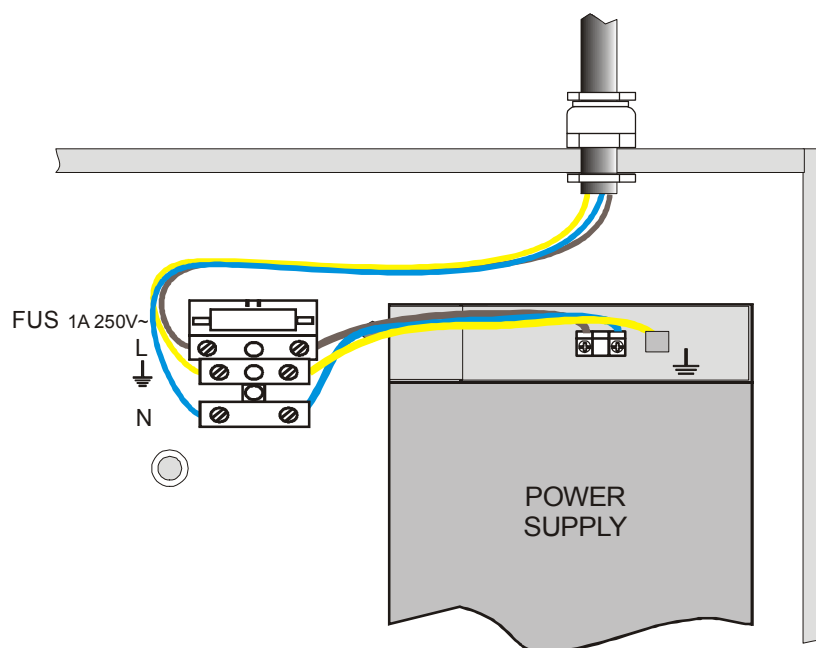
For feeding in the power cables, the hole on the extreme right should be used.

Pass the cable through an appropriate cable gland for the cable type.

The connection to the three-position connector is carried out as shown in the following figure:

- The phase cable (brown) should be connected to terminal L.
- The neutral cable (blue or black) should be connected to terminal N.
- The earth cable (green - yellow) should be connected to terminal T.

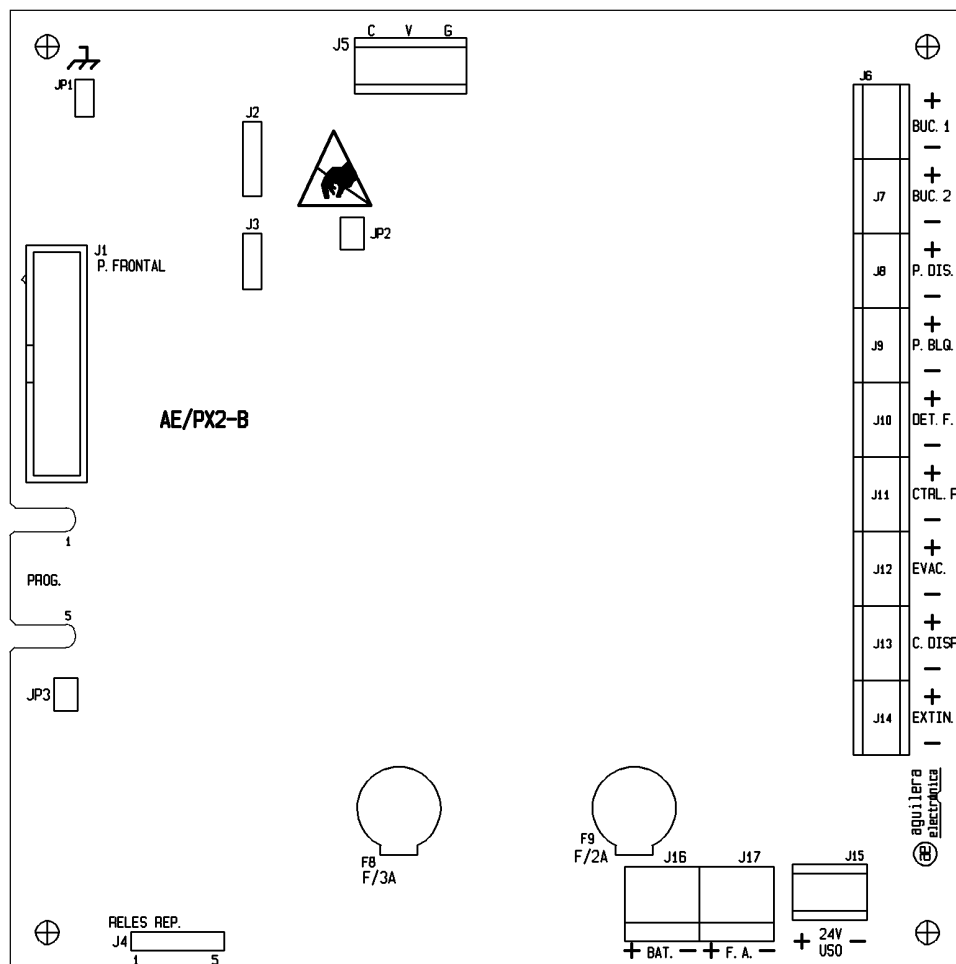
The connector has a 1-Amp fuse.



The supply for the fire control equipment must have a differential for independent protection with a safety fuse of 230Vac / 5A or higher. The cross section of the power supply wiring must not be less than 0.75 mm².

4.2 EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

The connections of the Extinguishing Panel are made on the terminal blocks located on the mother board.



Any incorrect connection of the panel lines can cause it to be **damaged**.

The terminal allocation is the following:

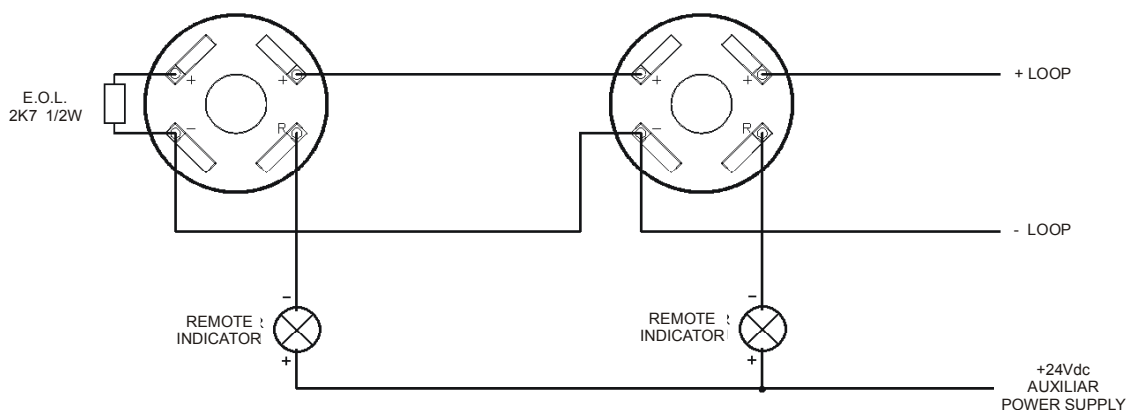
DETECTOR LOOP 1: CONNECTOR J6

1. Connect the loop positive, + BUC.1, of the PX2 extinguishing panel in the positive of the detector socket.
2. Connect the loop negative, - BUC.1, of the PX2 extinguishing panel in the negative of the detector socket.
3. Proceed to connect the detectors as shown in the following figure.
4. Remove the end of line resistor that is connected on the panel connection blocks and transfer it to the end of the detector line.

DETECTOR LOOP 2: CONNECTOR J7

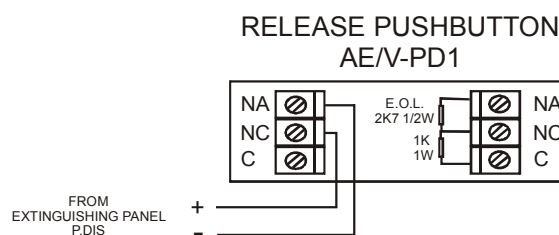
This loop will only be connected when the operating mode of the panel is Crossed Detection or Mixed Detection.

The connection is similar to that indicated in loop 1.



REMOTE RELEASE DEVICE: CONNECTOR J8

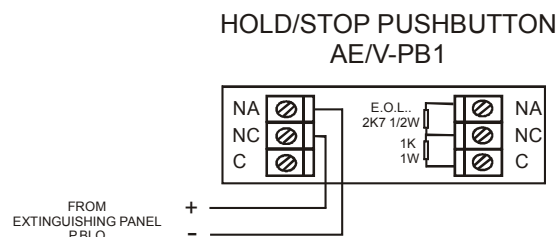
1. Connect the release positive, +P.DIS, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NC (normally closed) terminal of the remote release device.
2. Connect the release negative, -P.DIS, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NA (normally open) terminal of the remote release device.
3. Connect the load resistance of 1K 1/2W (brown - black - red) supplied across the C (common) and NC contacts in the device.
4. Connect the end of line resistance of 2K7 1/2W (red - purple - red) across the NA and NC contacts of the device. This resistance is connected on the release terminals of the PX2 extinguishing panel.



NOTE: If several device switches are connected in parallel, only connect the end of line resistance on the last one.

REMOTE HOLD PUSHBUTTON: CONNECTOR J9

1. Connect the hold-extinguishing positive, +P.BLQ, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NC (normally closed) terminal of the remote hold pushbutton.
2. Connect the hold-extinguishing negative, -P.BLQ, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NA (normally open) terminal of the remote hold pushbutton.
3. Connect the load resistance of 1K 1/2W (brown - black - red) supplied across the C (common) and NC contacts in the pushbutton switch.
4. Connect the end of line resistance of 2K7 1/2W (red - purple - red) across the NA and NC contacts of the pushbutton switch. This resistance is connected on the hold terminals of the PX2 extinguishing panel.



NOTE: If several pushbutton switches are connected in parallel, only connect the line-end resistance on the last one.

FLOW DETECTOR: CONNECTOR J10

1. Connect the flow detector positive, +DET-F, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NC (normally closed) terminal of the flow detector.
2. Connect the flow detector negative, -DET-F, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NA (normally open) terminal of the flow detector.
3. Connect the load resistance of 1K 1/2W (brown - black - red) across the C (common) and NC contacts of the flow detector.
4. Connect the end of line resistance of 2K7 1/2W (red – purple - red) across the NA and NC contacts of the flow detector. This resistance is connected on the flow detector terminals of the PX2 extinguishing panel.

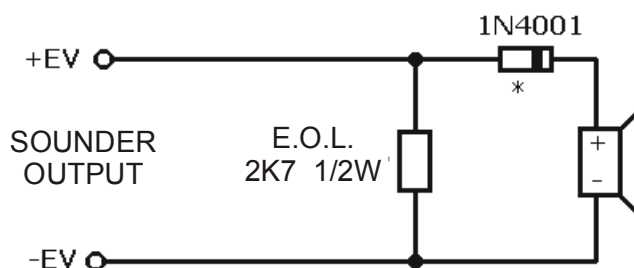
WEIGHT CONTROL: CONNECTOR J11

1. Connect the weight control positive, +CTRL.P, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NC (normally closed) terminal of the weight control.
2. Connect the weight control negative, -CTRL.P, of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the NA (normally open) terminal of the weight control.
3. Connect the load resistance of 1K 1/2W (brown - black - red) across the C (common) and NC contacts of the weight control.
4. Connect the line-end resistance of 2K7 1/2W (red – purple - red) across the NA and NC contacts of the weight control. This resistance is connected on the weight control terminals of the PX2 extinguishing panel.

NOTE: If the intention is to connect with a weight control device of AGUILERA ELECTRONICA **AEX/SBC**, connect the extinguishing panel to the **AEX/AFX2** adapter unit. This unit has the load and end of line resistances incorporated. Read the manual before installing.

MONITORED SOUNDER OUTPUT: CONNECTOR J12

1. Connect the evacuation output positive, +EVC., of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the positive of the evacuation bell or sounder.
2. Connect the evacuation output negative, -EVC., of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the negative of the evacuation bell or sounder.
3. Connect the end of line resistance of 2K7 1/2W (red – purple - red) across the positive and negative contacts of the bell or sounder. This resistance is connected across the evacuation terminals of the PX2 extinguishing panel.



NOTE: The alarm device, sounder, bell, siren, etc., should be fitted with an internal diode that gives polarity to the power supply. If it is not present, it is necessary to insert a type 1N4001 diode or similar.

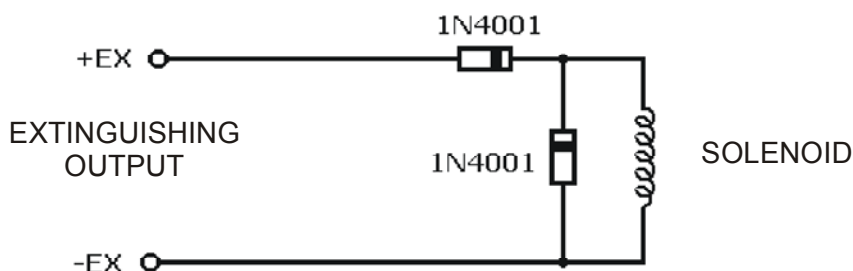
* The sounders supplied by Aguilera Electrónica incorporate the diode internally, so there is no need to mount them.

EXTINGUISHING RELEASED SIGN BOARD: CONNECTOR J13

1. Connect the positive of the extinguishing released board, +C.DIS., of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the positive of the extinguishing sign board.
2. Connect the negative of the extinguishing released board, -C.DIS., of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the negative of the extinguishing sign board.

EXTINGUISHING OUTPUT: CONNECTOR J14

1. Connect the extinguishing positive, +EXTIN., of the PX2 extinguishing panel in series with a 1N4001 diode or similar, as shown in the figure. Connect the diode cathode to the positive of the solenoid valve.
2. Connect the extinguishing negative, -EXTIN., of the PX2 extinguishing panel to the negative of the solenoid valve.



NOTE: Another diode should be mounted in parallel with the solenoid valve coil to avoid the return of current peaks that can damage the Extinguishing Panel.

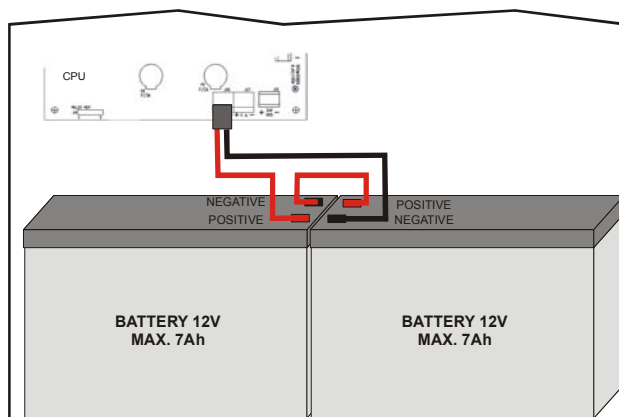
These diodes should be mounted on the actual solenoid valve.

AUXILIARY SUPPLY OUTPUT: CONNECTOR J15

1. + USO: Output of +24Vdc /500mA
2. - USO: Common negative output of the power supply

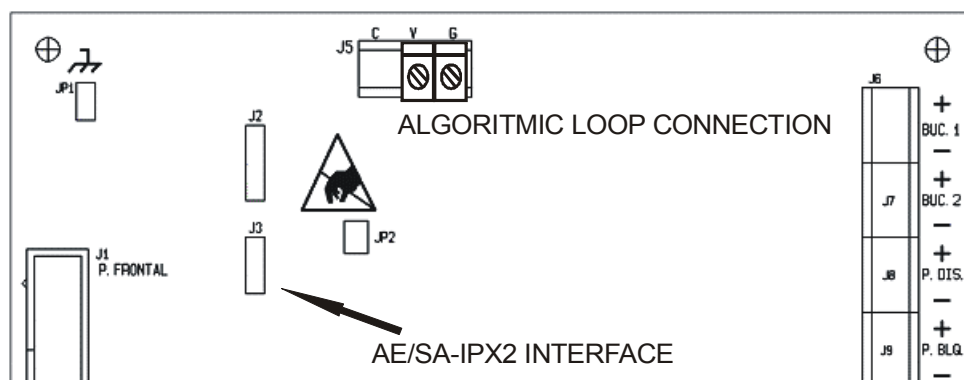
BATTERIES: CONNECTOR J16

Connect as follows.



4.3 AE/SA-PX2 PANEL CONNECTION TO ALGORITHMIC LOOP

If the extinguishing panel is integrated in an installation controlled by a 2-wire Algorithmic System Fire-Control Panel, the connection to the algorithmic loop is made through the J5 terminal located at the top part of the mother board.



The contact assignment is the following:

- V Positive loop
- G Common negative

For correct operation, it is necessary for the AE/SA-IPX2 interface module to be mounted on the J2 and J3 connectors.

4.3.1 CODING

The **AE/SA-PX2** extinguishing panel has to be coded with a number that corresponds to its personalisation. The recording of the panel numbering can be carried out from:

1. AE/SA-PRG manual address programmer. For this connect the output of the programmer for programming modules to the input terminal of the algorithmic loop J5. To carry out the programming process, see the programmer's manual for its coding.
2. Algorithmic Panel. See operating manual of the algorithmic panel for its coding.

Program a number between 1 and 125 as corresponds for its personalization. For the Algorithmic System the panel occupies a single position inside the algorithmic loop.

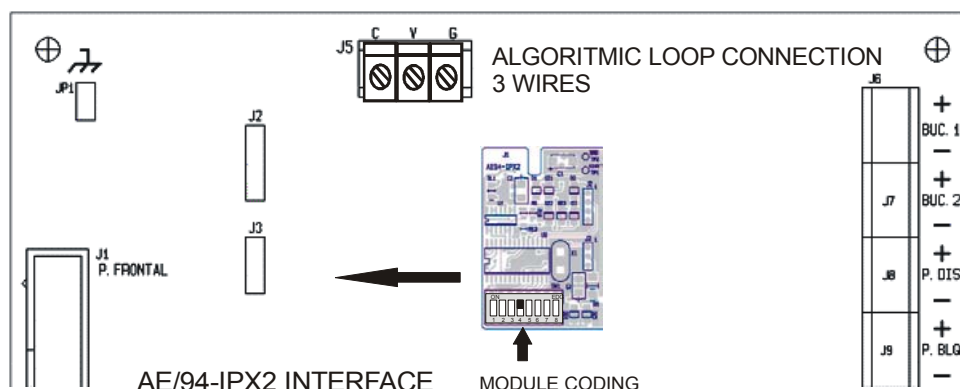
The unit identification number, as well as the operational evidence, is stored in EEPROM memory.

Before connecting the module to the algorithmic loop, **verify the coding is correct**.

NOTE: The AE/SA-IPX2 interface will not communicate with the Fire Control Panel if the extinguishing panel does not have a mains supply or batteries.

4.4 AE/94-PX2 PANEL CONNECTION TO 3-WIRE ALGORITHMIC LOOP

If the extinguishing panel is integrated in an installation controlled by a 3-wire Algorithmic System Fire-Control Panel, the connection to the algorithmic loop is made through the J5 terminal located at the top part of the mother board.



The contact assignment is the following:

- C Communications
- V 24V supply
- G Common negative

For correct operation, it is necessary for the AE/94-IPX2 interface module to be mounted on the J2 and J3 connectors.

4.4.1 CODING

All algorithmic equipment must be coded with a number as corresponds to its personalization. This coding is carried out in binary, through the dilswitch located in the AE/94-IPX2 interface and programming a code number that will be between 1 and 125.

Before connecting the module to the algorithmic loop, **verify the coding is correct**.

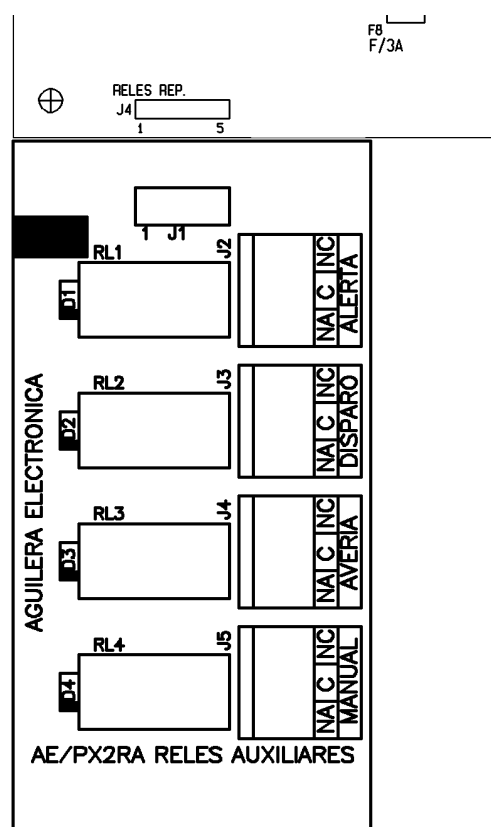
Once the extinction panel has been connected, check it communicates correctly with the main analogical panel. If this is not the case, make sure the code of the panel corresponds to that of its personalisation and check the wiring to the analogical loop.

4.5 AE/PX2RA AUXILIARY RELAY CARD.

OPTIONAL CARD

The auxiliary relay card provides voltage-free-contact outputs for the repeating states of the Extinguishing Panel, according to the EN 12094-1:2003 standard.

The J1 connector has to be inserted in the J4 connector of the mother board, and later secured to the casing by means of four screws.



The terminal assignment is the following:

J2 Relay in Alert or Pre-Trip State

- NC Contact normally closed
- C Common contact
- NA Contact normally open

J3 Relay in Tripped State

- NC Contact normally closed
- C Common contact
- NA Contact normally open

J4 Relay in Fault State

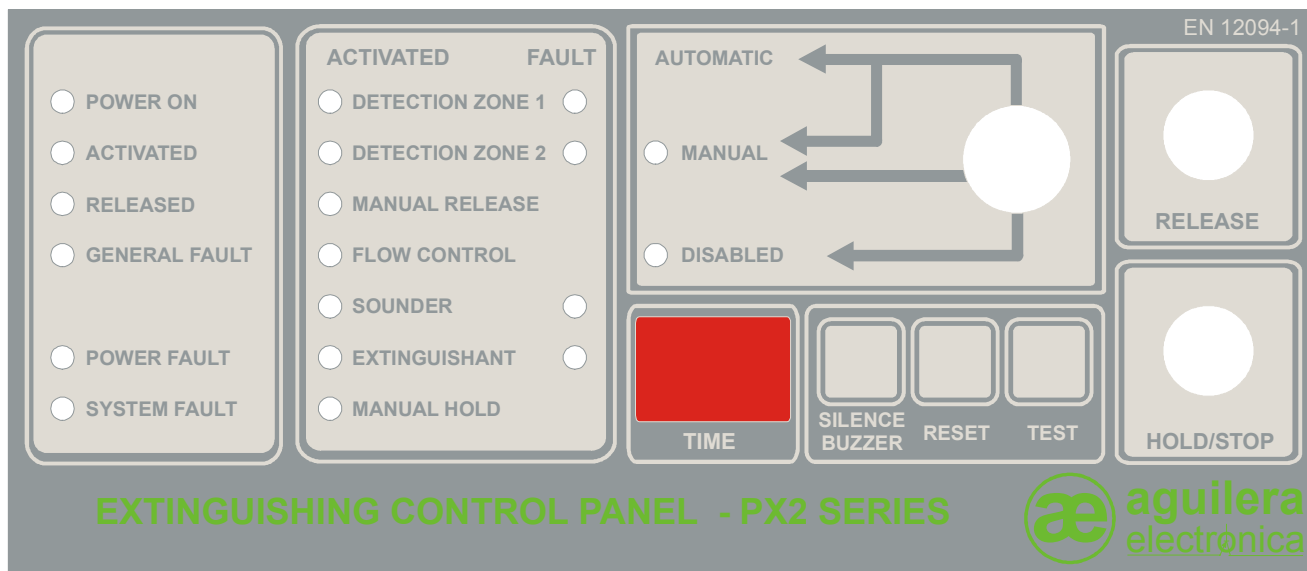
- NC Contact normally closed
- C Common contact
- NA Contact normally open

J5 Relay in Not Automatic state (It is activated when the operating key is in Manual or Disabled mode)

- NC Contact normally closed
- C Common contact
- NA Contact normally open

5 OPERATION

The Extinguishing Panel has three different operating modes: Automatic, Manual and Disabled.



The operating mode is established according to the key position, and it is indicated by means of indicator lamps.

In each of these modes, all or only some functions are operative, as indicated below:

Mode	Detection loops.	Release pushbutton	Holding pushbutton	Flow detector.	Weight control / Pressure switch	Sounder	Extinguishing	Extinguishing released board	Power supply
Automatic	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Manual	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Disabled	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES

There is a fourth operating mode, that of programming, in which it is only possible to modify some operating parameters. During the period the panel remains in this mode, the remaining functions are not operative. You exit this mode by accepting the changes, or by remaining a certain time without pressing any key.

All the events that take place on the panel, will be reflected by means of:

- a luminous indication of the general indicator affected,
- a luminous indication of the individual indicator affected, and
- an audible indication.

The audible indication can be annulled by pressing the "Silence" key on the front of the panel.

When the panel is in the pre-activated or activated state, it will only be possible to perform a reset, by putting the key in manual position and activating the "Reset" key on the front of the panel. This will result in the following actions:

- Resetting of the automatic detection loops,
- Resetting of the release and hold pushbutton loops,
- Resetting the inputs of the flow detectors,
- resetting the input of the weight control or pressure switch,
- Resetting the evacuation output,
- resetting the extinguishing delay timeout,
- resetting of the indicator lamps and buzzer.

When the resetting has been carried out, the state of the panel is refreshed and those incidents are displayed that continue to be active.

5.1 AUTOMATIC AND MANUAL MODES

The normal operating process in the automatic and manual modes is the following:

1. Initially, the panel is in the standby state. Only the power supply indicator is lighted. Also that of manual mode, if this is the case.
2. One of the detectors in the detection loops is activated, with luminous indication and acoustic warning. Only in automatic mode.
3. The panel goes to the activated state for any of the following reasons:
 - a. The detection areas have been activated in compliance with the programmed conditions, two detectors in different loops or in the same one. Only in automatic mode.
 - b. A local or remote release pushbutton has been activated.
4. The evacuation output is activated.
5. The countdown of the timeout begins for release of the extinguishing process. This time is indicated on the display in seconds.
6. During this time it is possible to actuate the local or remote hold pushbutton, which will impede the release of the extinguishing process, but does not interrupt the countdown time.
7. When the countdown reaches "00", and if the hold pushbutton is not actuated, the panel enters the released state, the extinguishing process is released and the extinguishing released board is activated. The deluge countdown begins and the reset is put on hold.

8. The flow detector is activated, as confirmation of the extinguishing agent passing through the piping. Connection is optional.
9. The input of the weight control or pressure switch is activated, as confirmation of the extinguishing process. The reset hold process is cancelled. There is no luminous indication or audible warning. Connection is optional.
10. After the deluge time, the deactivation of the extinguishing output takes place. The indicator lamp is activated in intermittent mode.
11. After the hold time, resetting of the extinguishing panel is allowed.

5.2 DISABLED MODE

The normal operating process in the disabled mode is the following:

1. Initially, the panel is in the standby state. Only the power supply and disabled mode indicators are lighted.
2. The flow detector is activated, as confirmation of the extinguishing agent passing through the piping since manual release of the extinguishing agent has taken place. Connection is mandatory.
3. The evacuation output is activated, along with the released board output and the count begins of the reset hold timeout.
4. The input of the weight control or pressure switch is activated, as confirmation of the extinguishing process. The reset hold process is cancelled. There is no luminous indication or audible warning. Connection is optional.
5. After the hold time, resetting of the extinguishing panel is allowed.

5.3 ACCESS LEVELS.

Three access levels are established for handling the Extinguishing Panel, which allow certain functions of the keyboard to be operative.

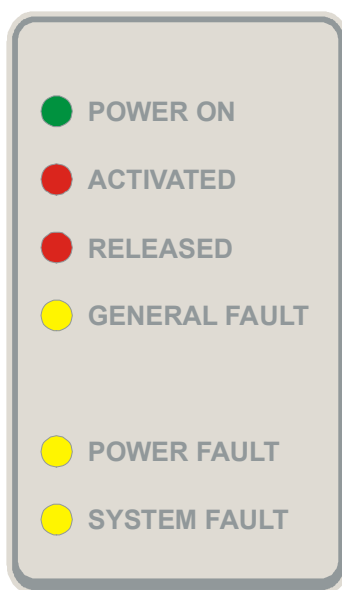
- | | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Key in "Automatic" or "Disabled" position.- The functions pertaining to this access level are always accessible. That is, they can be executed at all times, regardless of the current access level.- "Silence" and "Test" keys. |
| Level 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Key in "Manual" position.- These functions will only be operative when the Panel is in this access level.- "Restore" key. |
| Level 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- This level is reserved for the most delicate functions, it being necessary to have access to the interior of the Panel.- "Programming" and "Reset" keys. |

Likewise, there are other types of operational restriction that prevent the execution of some functions during a certain time or because some state is activated.

5.4 LIGHT-EMITTING INDICATORS.

All the incidents that can occur on the Extinguishing Panel are indicated by means of general and individual indicator leds. Some individual indicator leds are only visible from Access Level 3, it being necessary to open the Panel to check their state.

5.4.1 GENERAL INDICATORS

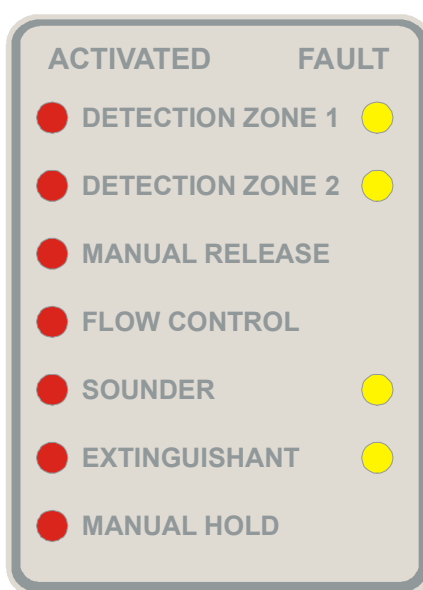


POWER ON	- Green in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the presence of supply voltage on the Panel, as well as its operational state.
ACTIVATED	- Red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the Panel is in the ON state, since an alarm has been produced in the automatic detection zones, or the release pushbutton has been depressed. The countdown begins for release of the extinguishing process.
RELEASED	- Red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the Panel is in the released state, since release of the extinguishing process has been produced, or actuation of the flow detector.
GENERAL FAULT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Yellow in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the presence of a fault in the Extinguishing Panel, which will be identified by means of the individual indicator lamps. - Flashing intermittently, together with the fault indicator in the Power Supply Unit; it indicates that the Panel is out of service for mains supply failure, and the batteries have discharged. - Flashing intermittently, together with the indicators of disabled and manual operating modes; it indicates that the Panel is in programming mode.
POWER FAULT	- Yellow in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the presence of a fault in the Extinguishing Panel connected with the power supply, which will be identified by means of the individual indicator lamps.

SYSTEM FAULT

- Flashing intermittently, together with the General Fault indicator in the Power Supply Unit; it indicates that the Panel is out of service for mains supply failure, and the batteries have discharged.
- Yellow in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the software has failed to run in the Extinguishing Panel. Usually it will exit from this state by itself, by means of the watch-dog function, or by pressing the "reset" key.

5.4.2 INDIVIDUAL LIGHT-EMITTING INDICATORS.



DETECTION ZONE 1

- red in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate the first alarm state for activation of a detector in the loop.
- red in colour, it glows permanently to indicate the second alarm state for activation of two or more detectors in the loop.
- yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault exists for line open or short-circuit in the detection loop.

DETECTION ZONE 2

- red in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate the first alarm state for activation of a detector in the loop.
- red in colour, it glows permanently to indicate the second alarm state for activation of two or more detectors in the loop.
- yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault exists for line open or short-circuit in the detection loop.

MANUAL RELEASE

- red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the alarm state of a pushbutton for local or remote release.

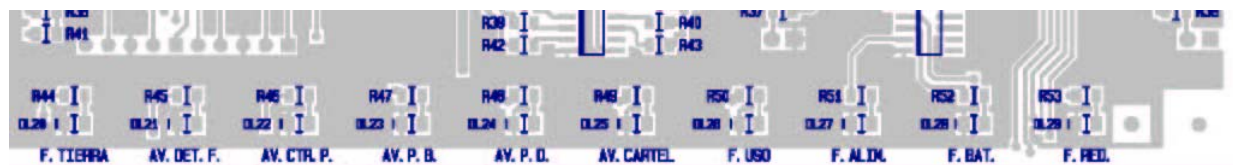
FLOW CONTROL

- red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the activated state of the flow detector.

SOUNDER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the activated state of the Evacuation output. - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the Evacuation output, preventing its activation.
EXTINGUISHANT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the activated state of the Evacuation output. - red in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate the extinguishing output is disabled, after a release event, since the programmed deluge time has expired. - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the Extinguishing line, preventing its actuation.
MANUAL HOLD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the actuation state of a pushbutton for local or remote hold.

5.4.3 INDIVIDUAL INTERNAL LIGHT-EMITTING INDICATORS.

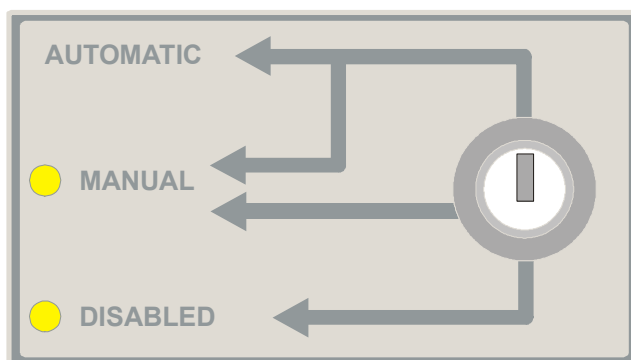
To be able to access the display of the individual internal indicators, the cover of the Extinguishing Panel must be opened, by means of Access Level 3. These indicators are visible on the printed circuit board of the frontal.



EARTH FAULT.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition for shunting to ground.
AV. DET. F.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the flow detector line, for line open or short-circuit.
AV. CTR. P.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - red in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the actuated state of the weight detector or pressure switch. - glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the weight control line or pressure switch, for line open or short-circuit.
AV. P. B.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the remote hold pushbutton line, for line open or short-circuit.
AV. P. D.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the remote release pushbutton line, for line open or short-circuit.
AV. CARTEL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the line of the extinguishing released board for short-circuit.

- | | |
|----------|--|
| F. USO | - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the auxiliary supply line for short-circuit. |
| F. ALIM. | - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition in the supply voltage, for being outside the valid ranges. |
| F. BAT. | - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition for disconnection or low level of charge in the battery. |
| F. RED | - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently to indicate a fault condition for failure of the mains voltage. |

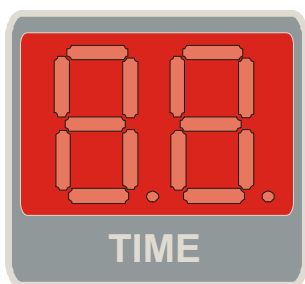
5.4.4 OPERATING MODE INDICATORS.



- | | |
|----------|---|
| MANUAL | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the Panel is operating in manual mode. - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently, together with the disabled mode, to indicate the Panel is operating in program mode. |
| DISABLED | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yellow in colour, it glows steadily to indicate the Panel is operating in disabled mode. - yellow in colour, it glows intermittently, together with the manual mode, to indicate the Panel is operating in program mode. |

The operation in automatic mode does not activate any light-emitting indicator for operating mode.

5.4.5 ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY.



According to the operating mode we are in:

- The time remaining for release of the extinguishing process to take place.
- The menu options in the programming mode.
- The value of the parameter to be programmed in the corresponding menu function.

5.5 OPERATING MODE SELECTION KEY.

By means of the key on the front of the Panel it is possible to select the Extinguishing Panel operating mode. The following positions are available:

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| AUTOMATIC | - All the Extinguishing Panel functions are operative. |
| MANUAL | - All the Extinguishing Panel functions are operative, except the automatic detection zones. Set in Access Level 2. |
| DISABLED | - The Extinguishing Panel is disabled, with the automatic detection zones disconnected and the release and hold pushbuttons unable to cause the release of the extinguishing process, but able to go to the released state if the actuation signal is received from the Flow Detector as a result of manual release of the extinguisher agent. |

NOTE: After automatic release of the extinguishing process, the Panel cannot go to the Disabled mode until the reset hold time has elapsed, or confirmation of the extinction is received by the activation.

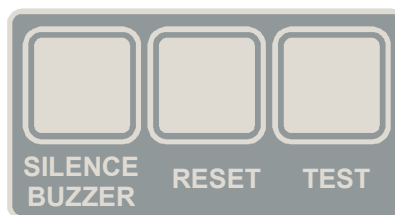
By putting the key in Disabled mode, a resetting of the installation is produced, and a new report is obtained of all the incidents present on the Extinguishing Panel.

5.6 OPERATING KEYS.

The operation of the Extinguishing Panel is carried out by means of three keys located on the front and two internal keys, accessible from Access Level 3.

The operability of the keys is limited by the Access Level we are in, which is fixed by the position of the operating mode key and the state the panel is in.

5.6.1 FRONT KEYS.



There are three keys on the front, with the following functions:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| SILENCE BUZZER | - Access Level 1. It allows the warning buzzer to be reset. |
| RESET | - Access Level 2. It carries out a reset of the Extinguishing Panel, with the following restrictions:

After extinguishing has been released, it will not be possible to carry out a reset until the reset hold time has elapsed, or confirmation of the extinction is received through the activation of the Weight Control or Pressure Switch input. |
| TEST | - Access Level 1. It carries out a test of the light-emitting indicators and sounders that lasts 2 seconds. It has the following restriction:

It is not possible to conduct the test if the Panel is in the activated or released state. |

5.6.2 INTERNAL KEYS.

There are two keys on the frontal printed circuit, with the following functions:



PROG. - Access Level 3. By maintaining it pressed for 3 seconds, it puts the Panel in the Programming mode. It has the following restriction:

It is not possible to go to programming mode if the Panel is in the activated or released state.

RESET - Access Level 3. It causes the Extinguishing Panel to reboot.

5.7 AUTOMATIC DETECTION LOOPS.

The automatic detection loops will only be operative when the panel operating mode selector is in the AUTOMATIC position.

The Extinguishing Panel has two detection loops with three different operating modes.

Crossed detection	Simultaneous alarm in the 2 loops
Dual detection	2 detectors in alarm state in Loop 1. Loop 2 not operative
Mixed detection	Simultaneous alarm in the 2 loops, or dual detection in Loops 1 or 2.

The detection mode is selected in the programming mode, and stored in EEPROM memory. By default it will be mixed detection.

The detection loops are habitually those utilized in Aguilera Electrónica panels, with end of line resistance of 2K7 1/2W, and detection by current consumption.

The following detectors can be connected:

- AE002/OP Optical detector.
- AE002/OPS Optical detector.
- AE085/TV Heat detector.
- AE085/TVS Heat detector.

Light-emitting indicators are incorporated for Alarm and Fault in each of the loops. With the first alarm the indicator is activated in intermittent mode, and permanently with the second alarm.

In the MANUAL and DISABLED modes, there will be no voltage in the loops. In the "Dual detection" mode, the second loop will have voltage, but it will not be monitored. The maximum current is limited by a PTC in the event of a short-circuit.

When the loop is configured as dual detection or mixed detection, on passing to the first alarm state, the loop will not be locked and can pass to the standby or fault state. The lock function of the loop is carried

out in the detectors themselves, permitting the use of automatic resetting detectors, although in this case the EN 54-2 regulations will not be satisfied.

The resetting of the loops is carried out on passing to the MANUAL or DISABLED mode by turning the key. The resetting of the detection loops does not imply the resetting of the extinguishing release process, which has to be carried out with the RESET key.

The panel will go to **pre-activated state** when an alarm is detected in the detection loop.

The panel goes to the **activated state** when the selected detection condition is met.

5.8 RELEASE PUSHBUTTON.

A release pushbutton is incorporated on the front, with a red light-emitting indicator in the pushbutton and a protective cover, an input for remote release pushbutton, by means of a monitored loop with LER of 2K7.

The connection is checked by detecting line open and short circuit. The load resistance to put the loop in active state is 1K.

Light-emitting indicators are incorporated for Alarm and Fault, the latter being visible from Access Level 3.

The release pushbuttons will only be operative when the panel operating mode selector is in the AUTOMATIC and MANUAL positions.

The panel goes to the activated state when either of the two pushbuttons is actuated.

To disengage the alarm state, it is necessary to do a RESET, or put the panel in DISABLED mode.



5.9 HOLD PUSHBUTTON.

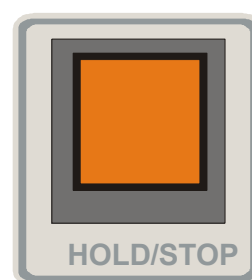
A hold pushbutton is incorporated on the front, with an orange light-emitting indicator in the pushbutton and a protective cover, and an input for remote hold pushbutton, by means of a monitored loop with E.O.L of 2K7. The connection is checked by detecting line open and short circuit. The load resistance to put the loop in active state is 1K.

Light-emitting indicators are incorporated for Alarm and Fault, the latter being visible from Access Level 3.

The hold pushbuttons will only be operative when the panel operating mode selector is in the AUTOMATIC and MANUAL positions.

The actuation of a hold pushbutton when the panel is in the activated state does not stop the timeout for activation of the extinguishing process to take place, which will reach "00". On restoring the hold pushbutton, if the timeout is at 0, the release of the extinguishing process will take place.

The actuation of a release pushbutton when the panel is in the released state only produces the signalling thereof and does not affect the extinguishing output state.



5.10 FLOW DETECTOR.

It incorporates a flow detector input, by means of a monitored loop with E.O.L. of 2K7. The connection is checked by detecting line open and short circuit. Load resistance for alarm, 1K.

The flow detector is operative in any of the operating modes, AUTOMATIC, MANUAL and DISABLED.

Light-emitting indicators are incorporated for Activation and Fault, the latter being visible from Access Level 3.

The activation of the flow detector input, in any of the operating modes, causes the Extinguishing Panel to go to the RELEASED state, activating the evacuation output, the general indication of released state, and the released state repetition relay.

To disengage the alarm state, it is necessary to do a RESET, or put the panel in DISABLED mode.

5.11 WEIGHT CONTROL OR PRESSURE SWITCH.

It incorporates a weight control or pressure switch input, by means of a monitored loop with E.O.L. of 2K7. The connection is checked by detecting line open and short circuit. Load resistance for alarm: 1K.

The weight control is operative in any of the operating modes, AUTOMATIC, MANUAL and DISABLED.

A light-emitting indicator is incorporated for Fault, visible from Access Level 3.

Its behaviour will be different in terms of the panel state:

- If the activation takes place after release, it is confirmation of discharge of the cylinder released. No action is carried out, and there is no type of indication. It causes cancellation of the resetting hold time.
- If the activation takes place in the standby state, it indicates a fault for loss of weight or pressure in the actual cylinder. It will also be indicated after a panel reset, after the release had taken place of the extinguishing agent cylinders.

The AEX/SBPC Continuous Weight Monitor cannot be connected directly to this input, it being necessary to use a relay or a device that transforms the closed-contact signal in standby to open. The fault signal in the connection of several AEX/SBPC will be interpreted as activation in the AE/PX2 Extinguishing Panel, since the AEX/SBPC modules are not prepared to distinguish it.

5.12 SOUNDER.

It incorporates a monitored evacuation loop, with end of line resistance of 2K7. The connection is checked by detecting line open, short circuit and shunting to negative or positive.

The alarm device, sounder, bell, siren, etc., should be fitted with an internal diode that provides polarity to the power supply. If it is not present, it is necessary to insert a type 1N4001 diode or similar.

* The sounders supplied by Aguilera Electrónica incorporate the diode internally, so there is no need to mount them.

The evacuation output is operative in any of the operating modes, AUTOMATIC, MANUAL and DISABLED.

Light-emitting indicators are incorporated for Alarm and Fault.

It will be activated when the panel passes to the activated state, remaining activated when it passes to the released state and until a reset is carried out or the key is put in the DISABLED position.

In disabled mode, the output will be activated when the activation takes place of the flow detector input.

If the evacuation output is faulted when the panel goes to the activated state, the evacuation output will not be activated until it is put into the standby state. Once activated, the state of the output will not be monitored, being protected by a polyswitch PTC.

5.13 EXTINGUISHING.

When the Panel enters the activated state, it shows the programmed delay time on the display, and it will begin the countdown until reaching 0, at which time the activation of the extinguishing output will take place.

It incorporates a monitored extinguishing loop, with 1N4001 diode or similar, in series with the solenoid valve. The connection is checked by detecting line open and short circuit.

Another diode should be mounted in parallel with the solenoid valve coil to avoid the return of current peaks that can damage the Extinguishing Panel.

These diodes should be mounted on the actual solenoid valve.

Light-emitting indicators are incorporated for Alarm and Fault.

It will be operative when the panel operating mode selector is in the AUTOMATIC and MANUAL positions.

The extinguishing output will be activated when the panel goes to the **released state**, once the delay countdown has finished and there is no hold pushbutton actuated. It will remain activated during the programmed deluge time, or until performing a reset of the installation after the rest hold time has passed or receiving confirmation of the extinguishing process via the weight control or pressure switch input.

When the deluge time has elapsed, the extinguishing output is reset, and changes its light-emitting indication, the remaining outputs associated with the extinguishing release remaining activated.

If the extinguishing output is faulted when the panel goes to the **released state**, the extinguishing output will not be activated until it is put into the standby state. Once activated, the state of the output will not be monitored, being protected by a polyswitch PTC.

5.14 EXTINGUISHING SIGN BOARD RELEASED.

Output for Extinguishing Released warning board is protected by means of polyswitch PTC.

It is activated at the same time as the extinguishing process, checking that the voltage level is correct.

It has a light-emitting indicator visible from Access Level 3.

5.15 AUXILIARY SUPPLY OUTPUT.

Power supply output of 27VDC / 500mA, protected by means of polyswitch PTC and monitored, checking that the voltage level is correct.

It has a light-emitting indicator visible from Access Level 3.

5.16 POWER SUPPLY UNIT AND BATTERY CHARGER.

The Extinguishing Panel incorporates control circuits for the supply and battery voltages, reporting any incident that occurs.

The monitored levels are:

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Mains voltage | - The mains voltage is checked and that the output of the switched power supply is correct. The change of state is confirmed for 10 s, in order to avoid false incidents produced by occasional voltage cuts. |
| Power supply voltage | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- It is checked that the supply voltage remains inside maximum and minimum ranges.- If the power supply voltage falls below a certain level, the disconnection of the Extinguishing Panel takes place. |
| Batteries | - It is checked that the batteries are connected, and that their charge level is correct. In the event of a short circuit or the batteries being in a deeply discharge state, the battery charger is disconnected. |
| Earth fault | - It is checked that there is no shunt to earth that can affect the correct operation of the Extinguishing Panel. This function can be disconnected by means of the selector JP1. |

The Extinguishing Panel is prepared to house 2 batteries of 12V/7Ah and the charger provides the adequate voltage and current levels to comply with the EN-54-4 regulations and prolong battery life.

The battery charger circuit does not provide an output voltage if it does not detect that the batteries are connected, or if their voltage falls below a level that impedes the proper charging and operation thereof.

On the mother board there are 2 fuses for protection, identified as:

- | | |
|----|--|
| F8 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- 3A fuse for protection of the battery connection.- Anomalous behaviour in this fuse is indicated as a battery fault. |
| F9 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- 2A fuse for protection of the power supply circuit.- Anomalous behaviour in this fuse is indicated by activating all panel functions that are affected, detection loops, extinguishing, power supply and use. |

5.17 REPEATER RELAYS

The AE/PX2 Extinguishing Panel has outputs for relays that repeat general states. These relays are supplied in an optional independent circuit, AE/PX2RA, that has to be connected in J4.

It has outputs for the following relays:

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| ALERT | - It is activated when the Extinguishing Panel passes to the pre-activated state, with the first alarm from any of the automatic detection loops, local or remote manual release pushbutton, or flow detector. |
| RELEASE | - It is activated when the Extinguishing Panel passes to the released state, when the automatic extinguishing output is activated. |
| FAULT | - It is activated when any area of the Extinguishing Panel is faulted. It is activated at the same time as the general fault light-emitting indicator. |
| NON AUTOMATIC | - It is activated when the operating mode of the Extinguishing Panel is put to manual mode, the automatic detection zones being disconnected. |

6 PROGRAMMING PARAMETERS.

The Extinguishing Control Panel allows a number of parameters to be modified that affect its operating mode. These values are stored in the EEPROM memory of the microcontroller, and can be inspected and changed by putting the Panel in the programming mode.

The programming mode is only accessible from Access Level 3, as it is necessary to open the Extinguishing Panel door and maintain the "PROG" key pressed for 3 seconds.

If the Panel is in the activated or released state, access to the programming mode is not possible.

The operation of the keys on the front in programming mode is as follows:

SILENCE	Advance Menu	It shows the following menu option on the display.
RESET	Modify	It shows the programmed value of the selected parameter, and allows it to be modified. In some menu options it is possible to maintain it pressed, to change the value quickly.
LED TEST	Accept	It stores the modified value of the parameter in EEPROM, and shows the corresponding menu option again.

When entering the programming mode, the light-emitting indicators come on intermittently for the "Manual" and "Disabled" mode and the "General Fault", the fault repeater relay is activated, and 3 beeps sound showing the following text on the display:



It indicates that the Panel is in the main menu of the programming mode.

It has no parameter to modify, for which reason the "Modify" key does not carry out any action.

By pressing the "Advance" key we change to the following menu option. On reaching the last, we return to the first.

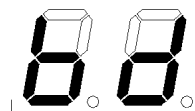


Each keystroke is indicated by an audible warning.

By pressing the "Accept" key, we exit the programming mode. If we are in another menu function, it is necessary to return to the main menu to be able to exit programming mode.

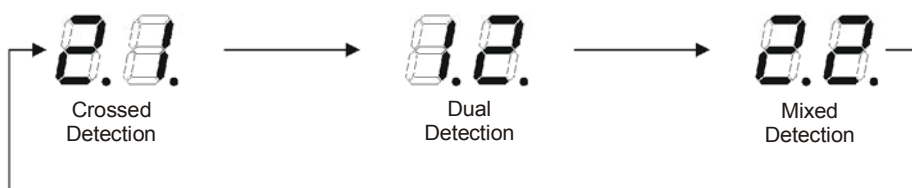
This operating mode also has a timeout, if we remain 30 s without pressing any key. This prevents the Panel from being out of service for more than 30 s if it is not attended.

6.1 DETECTION LOOP MODE.



It allows the operating mode of the detection loops to be modified.

By pressing the "Modify" key the current operating mode is shown, and with each stroke the mode selected is changed, at the same time that it is indicated with activation of the alarm and fault LEDs of the detection loops.



The operating modes of the available detection loops are the following:

- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| Crossed Detection | - The two detection loops are operative. For the panel to pass to the activated state, it will be necessary for an alarm to occur in each of the loops. |
| Dual Detection | - Only the first loop is operative, although the second loop will have voltage, it is not monitored. For the panel to pass to the activated state, it will be necessary for two alarms to occur in loop 1. |
| Mixed Detection | - The two detection loops are operative. For the panel to pass to the activated state, it will be necessary for any one of the following combinations to occur: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Crossed detection, with an alarm in each of the loops. ○ Dual detection in loop 1. ○ Dual detection in loop 2. |

In addition to the text shown in the display, the alarm and fault light-emitting indicators of the detection zones light according to the mode selected.

By pressing the "Accept" key, the new mode selected is stored in EEPROM, and we return to the menu.

By default the operating mode of the detection loops is that of Mixed Detection.

6.2 EXTINGUISHING DELAY TIME.



It allows the delay time to be altered for release of the extinguishing process to occur from when the Extinguishing Panel is put into the activated state.

The light-emitting indicators for Extinguishing are activated in permanent mode.

By pressing the "Modify" key the present delay time is shown, and with each stroke the time is increased by 1 second until the maximum limit is reached, fixed by the EN 12094-1:2003 standard at 60 seconds.

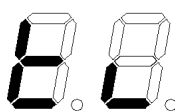
By maintaining the key pressed, the time advances more quickly. On reaching 60 s, it changes to 1 s.



The default programmed time is 30 s.

By pressing the "Accept" key, the new extinguishing delay time is stored in EEPROM, and we return to the menu.

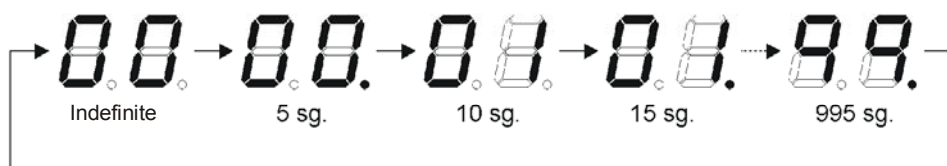
6.3 EXTENDED DISCHARGE.



It allows the extinguishing deluge time to be modified, or the time that the extinguishing output will remain activated from the extinguishing release taking place.

The light-emitting indicators for Extinguishing are activated in intermittent mode.

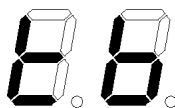
By pressed the "Modify" key the current delay time is shown in multiples of 10 seconds, indicating tens and hundreds. The point of the tens display indicates 5 s. With each stroke, the time is increased by 5 s; by maintaining the key pressed the time advances more quickly. On reaching 995 s, it changes to 0 s.



The time "00" indicates that the extinguishing output will remain activated for an indefinite time, until a manual reset is carried out on the Extinguishing Panel.

By pressing the "Accept" key, the new deluge time is stored in EEPROM, and we return to the menu.

6.4 RESET HOLD TIME.



It allows the hold time of the reset function to be modified, to assure that the release of the extinguishing is carried out correctly.

The light-emitting indicators for hold pushbutton and released state are activated in intermittent mode.

By pressing the "Modify" key the present hold delay time is shown in minutes, and with each stroke the time is increased by 1 minute until the maximum limit is reached, fixed by the EN 12094-1:2003 standard at 30 minutes.

By maintaining the key pressed, the time advances more quickly. On reaching 30 minutes, it changes to 1 minute.



The default programmed time is 15 minutes.

By pressing the "Accept" key, the new hold delay time is stored in EEPROM, and we return to the menu.

The extinguishing delay time is also finalized if confirmation is received of release of the extinguishing process by activation of the weight control or pressure switch input.

7 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

Size:

Width:	320 mm
Height:	273 mm
Depth:	123 mm
Colour:	RAL9002
Material:	AP 011 rolled sheet
Weight:	9 kg with batteries

Connection:

Cable inputs:	Tubed inputs of 26 mm diam. removable window of 150 x 35 mm in the rear part
Cable section:	2.5 mm ² maximum

Power supply:

Power supply voltage:	230 V / 50 Hz
Recommended cable:	H05 VV-F 3 X 1.5mm ²
Switched supply adjustment voltage:	28.0 Vdc
Working voltage:	27.2 Vdc
Power supply voltage failure:	< 21.5 Vdc > 29.5 Vdc
Automatic disconnection:	< 17.0 Vdc
Maximum supply current:	2 A.

Batteries:

Type of batteries:	2 rechargeable sealed lead-acid 12V / 7Ah batteries connected in series.
Duration:	Replace the batteries every 4 years.
Charge current:	0.05 C corresponding to 350 mA maximum.
Charge voltage:	2.275 V per cell, 27.3 V in total
Discharged battery alert voltage:	< 21.0 Vdc
Deep discharge battery voltage:	< 16.0 Vdc
Battery state test	every 10 s

Fuses:

Mains	1 A fuse, in the mains connection terminal
Batteries	2 A fuse, in the switched power supply unit
Power supply	3 A fuse, identified as F8 in mother board
Detection loops	2 A fuse, identified as F9 in mother board
Evacuation	PTC, current limit at 100mA, 150mA maximum during 48s
Extinguishing	PTC, current limit at 500mA
Extinguishing board released	PTC, current limit at 1.1A
Auxiliary supply output	PTC, current limit at 500mA

Access levels:

Level 1	Functions accessible from front keypad
Level 2	Functions accessible from front keypad, with operating mode key in manual position.
Level 3	Functions accessible with the Panel cover opened. Special tool needed for opening it.

Operating controls:

Operating mode selection:	3-way key. Automatic, Manual and Disabled.
Keys on front:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Silence buzzer - Reset - Test
Internal keys:	Accessible from access level 3 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Programming - Reset
Release pushbutton:	Local release pushbutton, with protective cover and indicator lamp.
Hold pushbutton	Local hold pushbutton, with protective cover and indicator lamp.

Light-emitting indicators:

General	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power supply - ON - Released - General Fault - Power supply fault - System failure
Individual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Detection zone 1, alarm and fault - Detection zone 2, alarm and fault - Release Pushbutton - Flow Detector - Evacuation, alarm and fault - Extinguishing, alarm and fault - Hold pushbutton
For operating mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Manual Mode. - Disabled Mode
Display	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2-digit alphanumeric display with 7 segments and point
Internal individual	Visible from access level 3 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ground Fault - Flow Detector Fault - Weight Control or Pressure Switch - Hold Pushbutton Fault - Release Pushbutton Fault - Fault in Extinguishing Release Board - Auxiliary supply output fault - Power supply voltage fault - Battery fault - Mains failure

Buzzer:

Type of buzzer: Piezoelectric.
Continuously activated in alarm, and intermittent in fault.

Automatic detection zones:

Number of detection zones: 2
Operating modes:

- Crossed detection, simultaneous alarm in the two loops.
- Dual detection in loop 1
- Mixed detection, crossed detection with simultaneous alarm in the two loops or dual detection in either of the two loops.

Operating mode selection: Via programming menu, stored in EEPROM memory.
Number of detectors per zone: 30 maximum
End-of-line resistance: 2K7 1/2W
Detector models

- Optic AE002/OP
- Optic AE002/OPS
- Heat AE085/TV
- Heat AE085/TVS

Release pushbutton:

Local release pushbutton: Located on front, with protective cover and indicator lamp.
Remote release pushbutton: Loop monitored by current, with E.O.L of 2K7 and load resistance of 1K

Hold pushbutton:

Local hold pushbutton: Located on front, with protective cover and indicator lamp.
Remote hold pushbutton: Loop monitored by current, with E.O.L of 2K7 and load resistance of 1K

Flow detector:

Detection method: Loop monitored by current, with E.O.L of 2K7 and load resistance of 1K
State confirmation time: 1s

Weight Control or Pressure Switch:

Detection method: Loop monitored by current, with E.O.L of 2K7 and load resistance of 1K
State confirmation time: 1s

SOUNDER:

Type of output: Monitored 24V output, with E.O.L of 2K7 1/2W. / 500 mA

Extinguishing board released:

Type of output: Monitored 24V output / 500 mA

Extinguishant:

Type of output	24V output monitored by diode in series with solenoid valve / 1A
Delay time:	Configurable in programming menu from 1 to 60 seconds, and stored in EEPROM memory.

Auxiliary supply output:

Type of output	Monitored 24V output / 500 mA
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Relay outputs (optional):

Relay alert or pre-released	NO, C and NC contacts
Relay in released state	NO, C and NC contacts
Relay in fault state	NO, C and NC contacts Actuated in idle.
Manual state relay	NO, C and NC contacts

Incorporation in Algorithmic System:

2-Wire Algorithmic System	AE/SA-IPX2 Interface
3-Wire Algorithmic System	AE/94-IPX2 Interface

